

Forage- Tall & Early



KWS AVIATOR

KWS AVIATOR has been bred for top forage yields and backcrossed with a variety that has great winter hardiness and early season vigor. KWS AVIATOR is expected to provide ruminant livestock producers with an earlier harvested product, and when used in rotation with other forage crops will extend the forage harvest season.

Forage Production Test Data

	KWS AVIATOR	KWS PROGAS	KWS PROPOWER
Early Cut (Flag Leaf – Boot) MT/AC @ 35% DMY	7.22	6.56	6.17
Late Cut (Milky – Soft Dough) MT/AC @ 35% DMY	12.04	11.20	11.62

Source: Third Party USA Rye Trials
Kansas City, KS | Hayes, KS | Scandia, KS | Cornell U, NY | SDSU, SD | 2021-2022

Variety Highlights

- Top forage yields
- Tall biomass structure
- Earliest spring emergence
- Unsurpassed winter hardiness

Agronomy Co-op Test Data

	KWS AVIATOR	Average of Hybrid Rye Check Varieties
Winter Hardiness	91%	81%
Height	103 cm	92 cm

Source: Fall Rye Western Cooperative Registration Trials 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19





KWS RyeGHT Seeding Practices

RyeGHT Rate and Time

The standard seeding rate is **1 unit/acre** under good conditions for grain or forage use. To establish hybrid fall rye successfully, three weeks of good growing conditions are needed. Seeding rate decision factors include: moisture and heat units at seeding time, trash penetration, and seed row spacing. The suggested seeding rate and target shoot growth are as follows:

Earlier Seeding	
Units/acre	1.0 – 1.2
Target shoot growth	4 – 6 inches
Later Seeding	
Units/acre	1.0 – 1.4
Target shoot growth	3 – 4 inches

*Please consult provincial crop insurance deadlines for insurable planting dates.

RyeGHT Preparation:

Fall is busy, and fall seeded crops require proactive planning. Select well drained fields that are free of residual herbicides. Know where you plan to seed your hybrid rye before seeding your spring crop, seed that spring crop early, and spread the trash evenly during harvest to limit residue issues. Have your drill cleaned and ready after spring seeding is complete.

RyeGHT Seed Placement:

Seed shallow at a **¾" depth** with a travel speed of <4.5 mph into a firm seed bed to maintain consistent seed depth. Seeding deeper or faster will result in higher seedling mortality and a reduced stand. Maintain a **¾"** seed depth even if the soil is dry and wait for rain. Narrow row spacing of 6-7.5" is optimal for hybrid fall rye. If seeding on 10-12" spacing, speed, depth, and rate are more critical to eliminate skips and gaps in the field.

RyeGHT Stand:

The plant stand target is **16-18 plants/ft²** (grain) and **16-20 plants/ft²** (forage). Even emergence and achieving the target stand will provide the most consistent yields and the best resistance against ergot.

RyeGHT Pest Control:

To protect seedlings against disease and insects, hybrid fall rye should be professionally treated with a registered seed treatment. A pre-plant or pre-emergent herbicide application is important to control weeds when the hybrid rye is the least competitive. If weed pressure is high in spring, an in crop herbicide application may be required. A well established hybrid rye stand will be competitive with most spring emerging weeds.

Juel Scott
Western Prairies
825.288.8861
juel.scott@kws.com

Dan Bolton
Eastern Prairies
204.595.9154
daniel.bolton@kws.com